

Brakes India Limited's Environment Practices









Brakes India - A Joint Venture of (IVS)



51%



49%

Established : 1962, Joint Venture with Lucas PLC UK

Employees : 6655

Products: Braking Systems, Castings, Machine Building,

Polymer Compounding

Engineering Capability: Design, Develop, Test and Validate

R&D Spend : 1.54% of Sales in Brake Division

Certifications : ISO/TS16949, ISO 14001, TPM, Ford Q1, Deming

(Foundry), BS OHSAS 18001, BS EN 16001 (Foundry)

Segments : Light Vehicle, Commercial & Off Highway





Manufacturing Locations







Our Products

- **Foundation Braking Parts**
- **Hydraulic Brake & Clutch Actuation Systems**
- **Brake Seals**
- **Brake & Clutch Hoses**
- **Brake Fluid**
- **Friction Products**
- **Grey & S G Iron Sand Castings**
- **Permanent Mould Ferrous Casting**

























Our Customers

































































Environmental Initiatives









35 nos. of Rain water surface runoff percolation pits created throughout the factory for ground water recharging at Brakes India, Padi.





Water conservation measures

Water consumption reduced from 300 Kl./day to 250 Kl./day by implementing various water conservation measures, viz.,

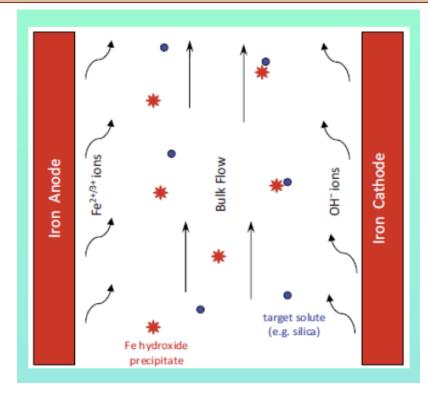
- 3" / 4" underground water pipes were replaced with 2" pipes routed above ground level.
- Reducing the overhead water tank pressure and water force at the pipes by means of maintaining water with half tank capacity, always.
- Maintaining the throttle valves in half closed condition at the user ends.
- Orifices introduced in water taps across the company / sites.





Electro coagulation methodology introduced for treating trade effluent to reduce sludge generation by 40% at Brake division, Sholinghur.

Haz. Chemical / Sludge	Before EC	After EC
Consumption of Lime in tons / year	20	0
Consumption of Sodium Bisulphate in tons / year	3	1.5
Sludge generation in tons / year	150	90



Removes heavy metals, suspended solids from water using electricity.





Two stages of RO Plants installed at Process Shop (Padi) to recover 80% of used water to reuse again for process. Planning for 3rd stage RO plant to recover 90% of used water (Padi).

<u>Treated STP water used or Cooling towers</u> Brakes India limited

STP



40 Kl. / day of Treated STP water is reused for Cooling towers. (Padi)

Softener Plant



PSF to remove TSS, if any, ACF to remove Chlorine & odour and Softener plant to maintain hardness less than 10 mg. /litre

Cooling Tower



Sewage **Treatment Plant** Water

Pressure Sand **Filter**

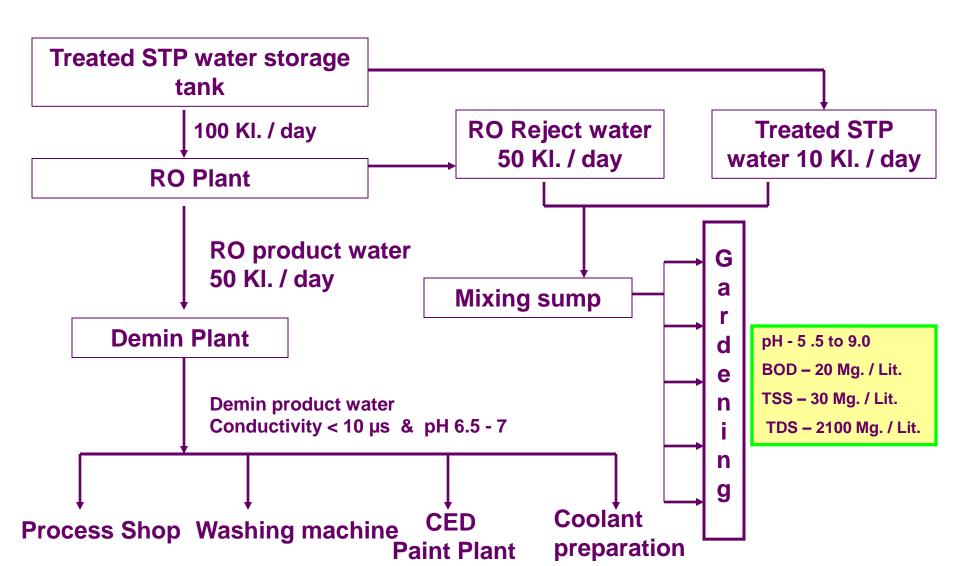
Activated Carbon **Filter**

Softener **Plant**

Soft water O/ H tank

Cooling Towers

Out of 150 Kl. / day of Treated STP water, 100 Kl. / day is reused for Electroplating processes through RO Plant & Demin plant.





RO Plant



Out of 150 Kl. / day of Treated STP water, 100 Kl. / day is reused for **Electroplating processes through RO Plant & Demin plant.**



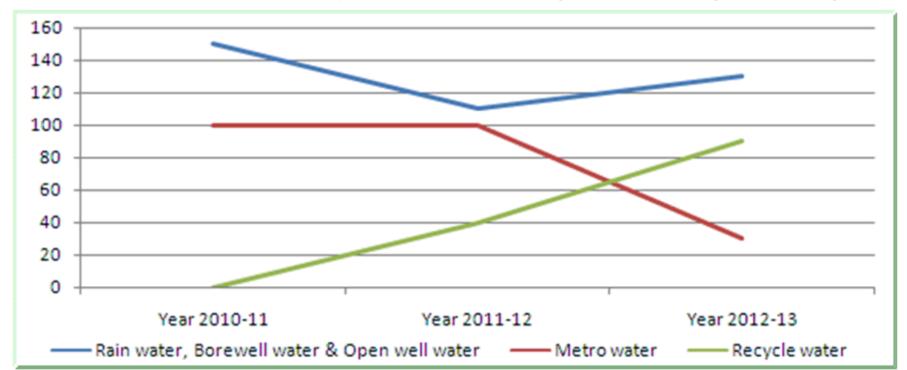


Out of 150 Kl. / day of Treated STP water, 100 Kl. / day is reused for Electroplating processes through RO Plant & Demin plant.





Water consumption: 250 Kl. / day for process, drinking, canteen and general usage



Water usage in Kilo litre / day	Year 2010-11	Year 2011-12	Year 2012-13
Rain water, Bore well water & Open well water	150	110	130
Metro water	100	100	30
Recycle water	0	40	90





Conventional method of recovering the Freon gases (HCFC / HFC) during repair and overhauling of A / C systems.

After

Freon recovery system introduced at BI Padi.



Benefits:

- 1. Less time taken during recovery of gases.
- One common recovery system for all type of gases, viz., HCFC, HFC, etc.
- 100% recovery of gas is possible and thereby Ozone depletion is avoided.







Designed and manufactured by using unique TITANIUM & NOBEL METAL ELECTRODES, it separates the water [H2O] into its components of Hydrogen & Oxygen [HHO].

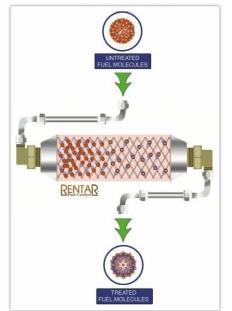
HHO is added into the air intake manifold of the engine and helps the engine to burn energy more resourcefully.

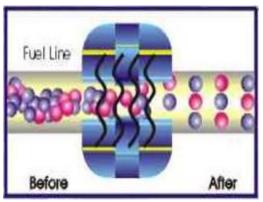
HydroGen equipment fitted in two nos. of Forklift at BI Polambakkam to reduce HSD consumption of 100 litres / month & reduce emission level significantly. Planned to extend two more Forklifts.

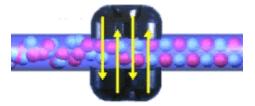


2 nos. of RENTAR Catalyst in HPHW generator at BI Polambakkam to reduce the SKO (Superior Kerosene Oil)









How RENTAR Catalyst works?:

- Fuel is passed through the catalyst,
 which is a combination of metallic
 and rare earth elements.
- Separates the cluster molecules and gives uniform flow and thus reduces fuel consumption & air pollution.





Solar systems installed at canteen to generate hot water for cooking.

This has reduced diesel consumption from 5000 to 4500 litres / month (Padi)



Elimination of 20,000 nos. of Carton boxes / month in receipt from Lining suppliers, M/s Rane & M/s SBL by introducing Flexol reusable metal pallets at Sholinghur.

Before



Carton boxes

After



Flexol reusable metal pallet



To shred the tree branches, fallen leaves, etc.

Disposing the biodegradable wastes only at in house.

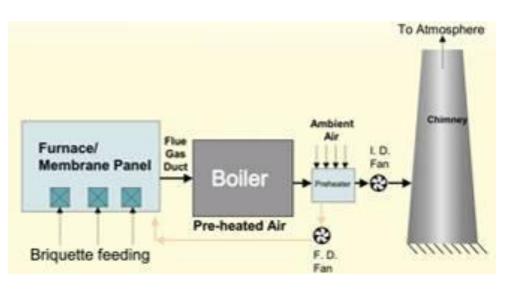
(Padi)





Phased out HSD / SKO (500 litres / day) by introducing Briquette fired Thermic Fluid heater at NHE, dedicated unit of Brakes India, Nanjangud. (Briquette consumption : 2,000 Kgs./day)

License for storing Class 'B' Petroleum, if store more than 2,500 litres at any point of time, is avoided.



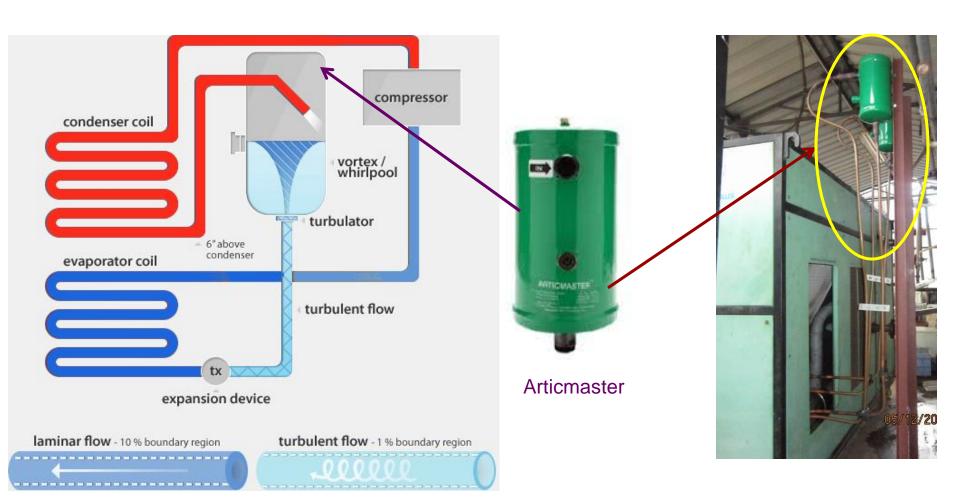




Briquette



Reduction in Electrical energy consumption through Articmaster in chillers at U64 of BI Polambakkam in New Zinc plating line from 11 units / hr. to 3 Units / hr.







Brakes India, Polambakkam

Energy saving is 3.3 Units / hr.

After



Cooling tower without fan

Cooling tower with fan

When hot water is sprayed from top of the cooling tower through jet nozzles.

Air and water travel in co current direction down to the basin.

During this travel, air cools down the water and the air escapes from the FRP louvers.





SKO consumption reduced by 6,500 litres / month (Polambakkam)

After



Fuel (SKO) fired High Pressure Hot Water Generator

Waste Heat recovery from compressor

Thermal requirement for pre heating is recovered from waste heat from compressor

Effluent Treatment Plant sludge was packed in HDPE woven sacks and disposed off to hazardous waste landfill at Gummidipoondi.

Consumption of HDPE woven sacks:

Year 2009: 8,000 nos.

Year 2010: 7, 995 nos.

<u>After</u>

Effluent Treatment Plant sludge are taken in hazardous waste container of TNWML and disposed off to hazardous waste landfill at Gummidipoondi.

Consumption of HDPE woven sacks:

<u>Year 2011</u>: 3,000 nos.

Benefits:

HDPE woven sacks consumption reduced





Solar stills to enhance solar evaporation to evaporate RO Reject (propsed)

Recyclable UV stabilized film

Temp. difference in deg. centigrade:

Atmosphere Inside the chamber

30 60 to 70

27 40



How it works?

- Working in radiation principle.
- Ambient temp. is multiplied in side the Solar evaporator up to 60°C to 70°C.
- Exhaust arrangements are given with automatic controlling systems.



Phasing out of Non biodegradable coolant by introducing bio-degrable coolant (Proposed)



M/s INNOTEC

5/y No. 73/1, Eslani Village

Varchiyur Post, Madurai-625002

Email: innotecacs@gmail.com

INNOTEC manufactures BIO-LUBES that cannot be reclaimed, such as metal working oil, general purpose lubricant etc. We provide a suitable system wherein the effluent emulsion and spills can be used in garden. We also install total lubrication management.

BL-CO-09---BIODEGRADABLE SOLUBLE METAL WORKING OILS
BL-CO-EP---BIODEGRADABLE SOLUBLE METAL WORKING OILS (EP)

&
BIODEGRADABLE INDUSTRIAL LUBES

BL-CO-09& BL-CO-EP- SOLUBLE METAL WORKING OIL (&EP)

We have formulated these using a couple of vegetable oils, green emulsifiers, corrosion inhibitors, biocides, extreme pressure additives (for EP grade) etc. The formulated emulsion is extremely stable even at very high temperature (90-95°C)! Further special features are:

✓ Ecofriendly

Made from plant oil and thus are ecofriendly, which means, it will not harm the environment of your premises.











Site	No. of trees
Padi	6,400
Sholinghur	12,600
Polambakkam	46,000
Nanjangud	9,000







Peepal tree situated at one location was uprooted and replanted at another location in April, 2010 (Padi).



The area around the tree was marked





It was uprooted in such a way that its roots and stems were not damaged





The tree was on the way from one location to other location





Crane is in the process of replanting the tree





The tree is being replanted





The hard work ended with fruitful (leaf full) results



Our journey continues





S Selvam +91 44 2652 6654

+91 97109 15746

selvam.s@brakesindia.co.in